Appl. No.

8/932.22

Filed

September 17, 1997

REMARKS

Anticipation Rejections

The Examiner has rejected Claims 11 and 15 under 35 U.S.C. § 102(a) as being anticipated

by Anjum et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,372,951).

Applicants have amended Claim 11 to recite the recessed portion having a "vertical

sidewall." Applicants respectfully submit that the amendment is fully supported by the

application as originally filed. See, e.g., p. 5, lines 5-14 ("A preferred characteristic of the

trenches 14 is the steep sidewall profile as compared to conventional LOCOS processes.").

Moreover, Claim 11 as filed originally had recited a "recessed portion" that was not intended to

encompass LOCOS structures.

The amendment was not previously offered because Applicants were not presented with

any prior art teaching halide doping of isolation elements until the present Final Office Action.

In the previous Office Action, the Examiner had applied a reference that was not prior art to the

present application. Being now presented with Anjum et al., Applicants offer the amendment to

further clarify a structural distinction between the LOCOS structure of Anjum et al. and the

trench-fill structure of Claim 11.

In view of the amendment, Applicants respectfully submit that Anjum et al. did not teach

each and every feature of Claim 11, nor of dependent Claim 15, and that the rejections for

anticipation are overcome.

Obviousness Rejections

The Examiner has rejected Claims 12-14 and 16 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being

unpatentable over Bose et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,492,858) in view of Anjum et al. (U.S. Patent No.

5,372,951).

-2-

Appl. No.

: 8/932,228

Filed

September 17, 1997

As noted above, Anjum et al. taught thermally growing an oxide in accordance with a

conventional LOCOS (local oxidation of silicon) process, whereby silicon nitride material is

used to mask active regions of the substrate surface from the growth of field oxide. After initial

oxidiation, a subsequent implantation of fluorine ions into the LOCOS-grown oxide dislodged

oxygen atoms for recombination with silicon atoms at the field oxide/silicon substrate interface.

Anjum et al. further oxidized the fluorine-implanted field oxide, thereby thickening small oxide

features as compared to larger features. This teaching thus related exclusively to LOCOS

operations and resultant structures.

In contrast, independent Claim 11 clearly relates to a trench-fill structure. The LOCOS

process of Anjum et al. and its resultant structure are readily distinguished from a recessed

portion, having a vertical sidewall, filled with dielectric. Moreover, the halide addition step of

Anium et al. was taught to be useful exclusively in the context of LOCOS-grown oxide; the

skilled artisan would not appreciate from Anjum et al. that the use of fluorine in forming field

oxide might be applicable or even useful for trench-fill field oxide.

Thus, the skilled artisan would not have applied the addition of fluorine taught by Anjum

et al. to a trench fill structure. Accordingly, Applicants submit that Claim 11 is not rendered

obvious by the combination of Anjum et al. (fluorine in LOCOS oxidation) with Bose et al.

(conventional trench fill with undoped oxide). Moreover, Anjum et al. specifically taught

against deposition techniques (which are used in trench-fill) for field oxidation, since thermal

oxidation is said to produce better quality films. See Anjum et al. at Col. 1, lines 25-30 and 40-

44.

-3-

Appl. No.

: \$\infty\8/932,22

Filed

September 17, 1997

Dependent Claims 12-16 depend from independent Claim 11 and therefore include all the features and limitations thereof. Furthermore, the dependent claims add further distinguishing features of particular utility.

Accordingly, Applicants respectfully submit that the obviousness rejections are overcome and that the pending claims are allowable over Bose et al. in view of Anjum et al.

CONCLUSIONS

In view of the foregoing remarks, Applicants respectfully request entry of the amendment and reconsideration of the rejections. If some issue remains that the Examiner feels can be addressed by Examiner's Amendment, the Examiner is cordially invited to call the undersigned to discuss the same.

Respectfully submitted,

KNOBBE, MARTENS, OLSON & BEAR, LLP

Dated

+ 11 gust 29, 2000

By:

Adeel S. Akhtar

Registration No. 41,394

Attorney of Record

620 Newport Center Drive, Sixteenth Floor

Newport Beach, CA 92660

(415) 954-4114

W:\DOCS\ASA\ASA-6834.DOC 082900